

A Rail Perspective on Freight

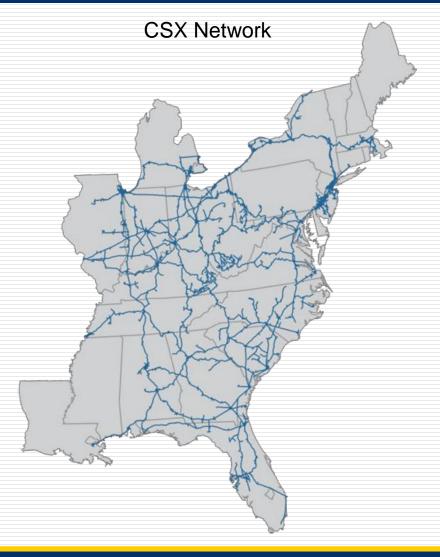
Derrick Smith, VP – Emerging Markets

January 21, 2016



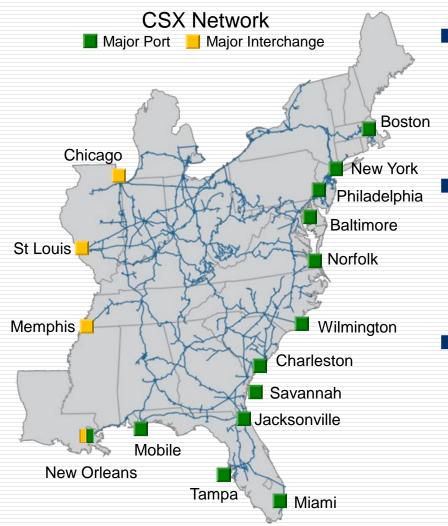


CSX is one of main railroads in the Eastern U.S.



- CSX provides rail, intermodal, and rail-to-truck transload services
 - Serving nation's economic and industrial growth for nearly 190 years
- Superior network footprint in East
 - Serves every major eastern metropolitan area
 - Connects to over 240 short-line RRs

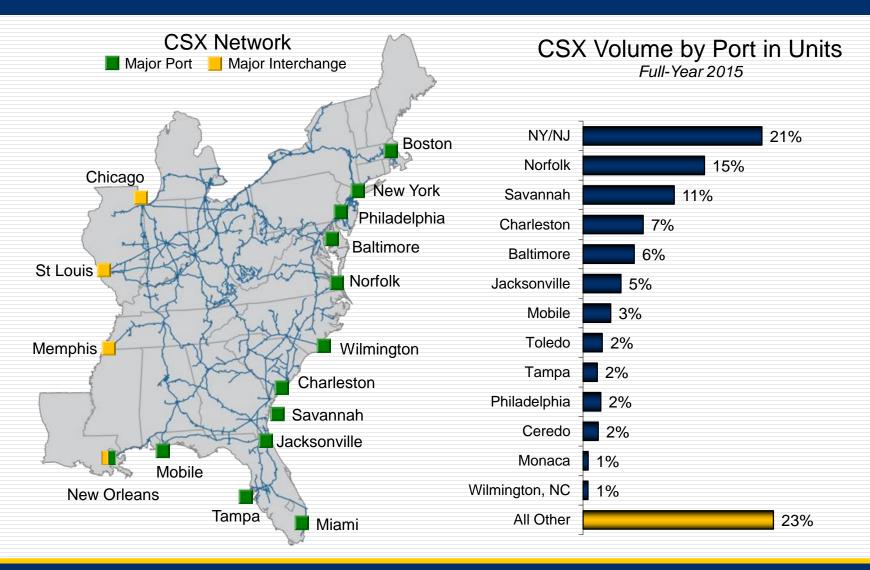
Access to major ports & interchanges is an advantage



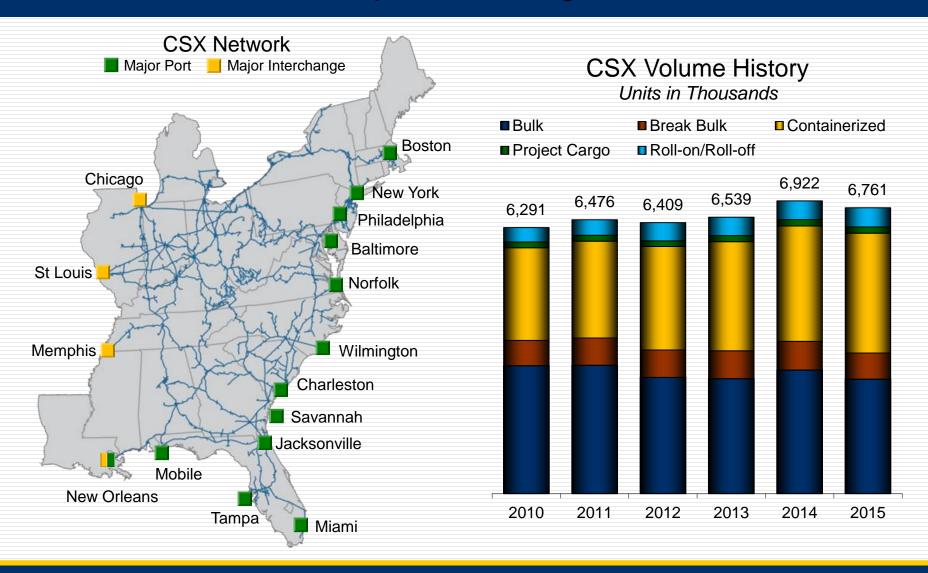
- CSX provides rail, intermodal, and rail-to-truck transload services
 - Serving nation's economic and industrial growth for nearly 190 years
- Superior network footprint in East
 - Serves every major eastern metropolitan area
 - Connects to over 240 short-line RRs
- Enables connection to West and globally
 - Connects with Western and Canadian Class I rails
 - Connects to over 70 ocean, river, and lake ports



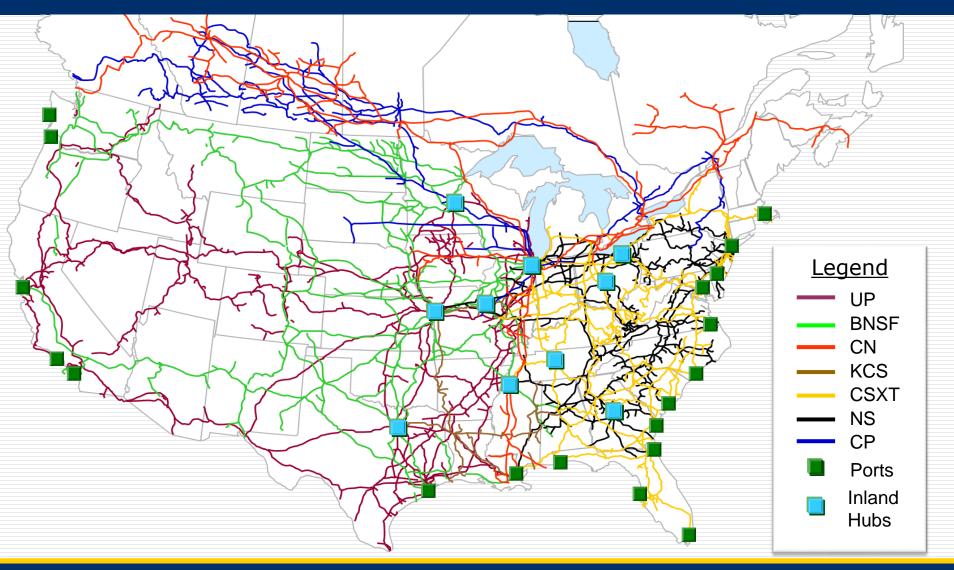
Continues to serve a broad array of ports...



...across a diverse portfolio of goods on network

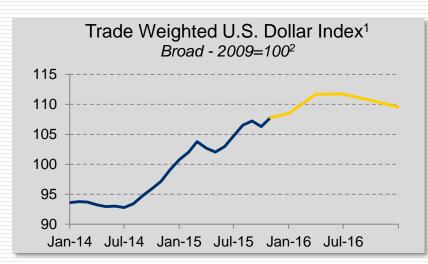


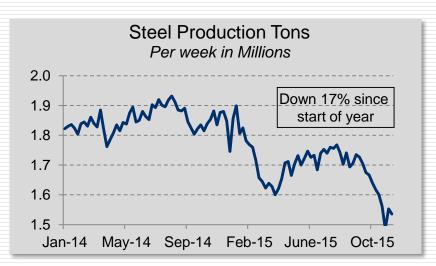
Broader rail network interconnected, expands reach

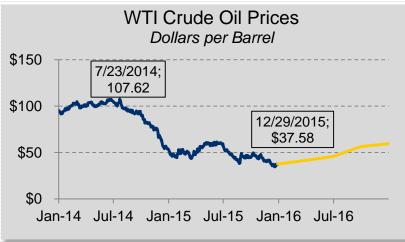


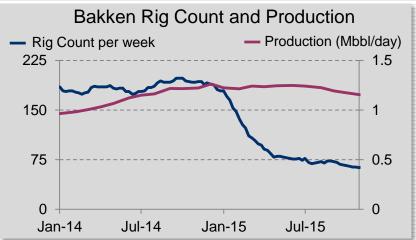


Rails are facing macro economic headwinds







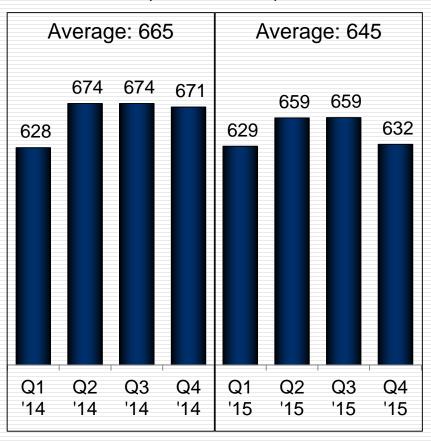




of a broad group of major U.S. trading partners.

Economic challenges yield declining rail traffic

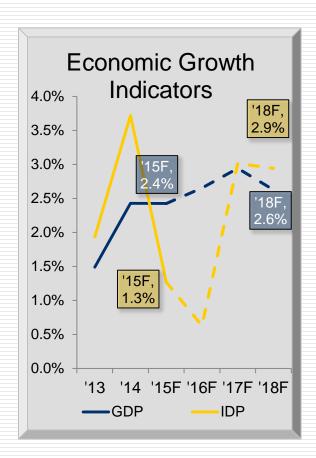
U.S. Class I Average Weekly Volumes (in thousands)

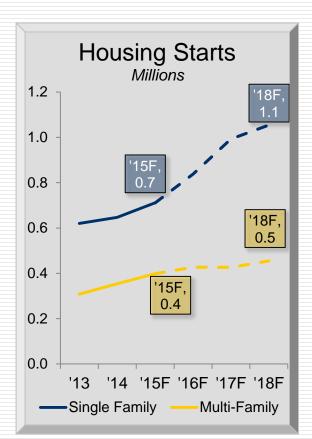


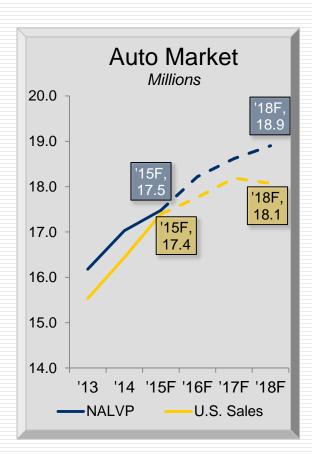
- U.S. Class I volumes down (3%) in 2015
 - Containerized volumes flat
 - All other down (5%)
 - Cass Freight Shipment Index down (3%)
- Believe 2016 will continue to be another challenging year
 - Strong U.S. dollar, low natural gas and oil prices



Expect indicators to improve over next few years...



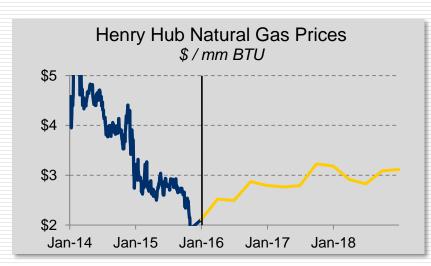


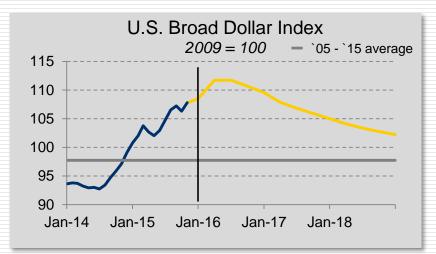


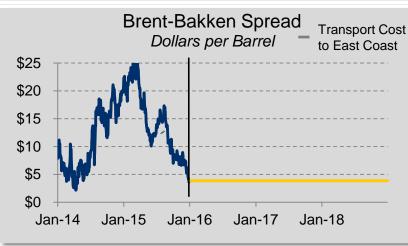
Average expected inflation of 1.9% from 2016-2018¹

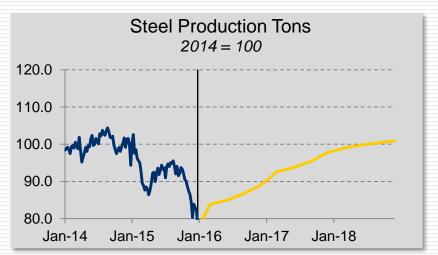


...however, key challenges expected to continue











Rail continues to add unique value to supply chain

Geography

- Track covering majority of eastern U.S.
- Access to large consumption areas
- Connection to ports, Canada, Mexico, and western U.S.

Capacity

- Continued investment to improve network fluidity, support growth
- Investments and availability of crews, locomotives and equipment

Long Haul Cost Effectiveness

- Competitive economics, economies of scale vs. truck
- Speed of transit vs. barge



Port characteristics enabling success with rail

Physical

- Compatibility with required infrastructure, operating practices, standards
 - Traffic density and train lengths
 - Heavy axle loading, vertical clearances

Fiscal

- Resources to invest in rail
 - Class I capital expenditures focused on core network
 - Customers unlikely to pay full cost of port rail infrastructure

Commercial

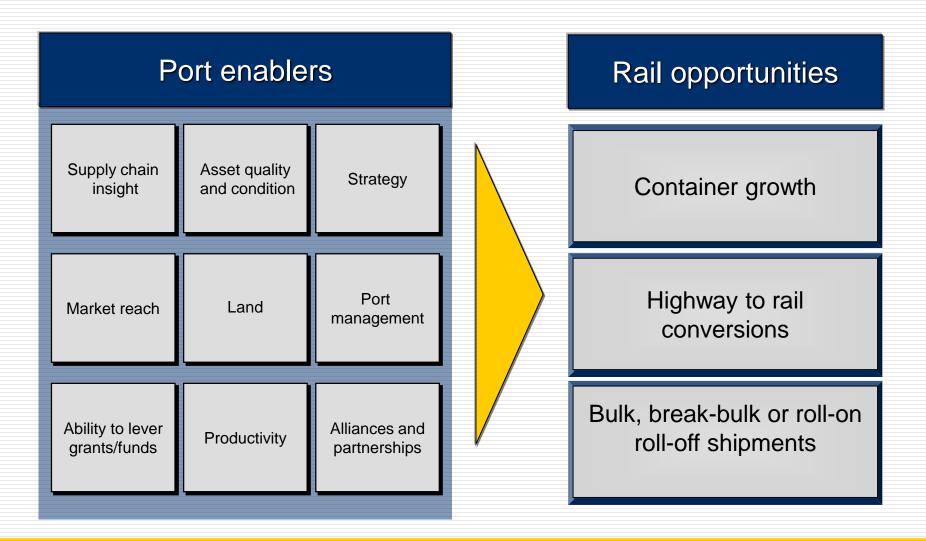
- Insight to markets and what customers value
 - Proactive business development
 - Increased supply chain complexity and information availability

Institutional

- Alignment with county/state on business priorities
 - Funding
 - Land use



Strategies that lever strengths lead to new business



Key drivers for main segments of business

Bulk

- Main driver is low commodity prices
- Sustained headwinds from coal, coke, and iron ore
- Baltic Dry Index at lowest in 30 years

Break Bulk

- Strong U.S. dollar and international demand
- Steel imports from global oversupply

Containerized

- U.S. dollar, truck competition
- Low container shipping rates
- Global containerization trend to continue

Project

- Competitive economics, economies of scale vs. truck
- "Bigger is better" manufacturing trend

Roll-on/Roll-off

- NALVP production for exports
- Increased auto production within Mexico



Rail plays a vital role in the success of ports

- Provides a key link for both containerized and noncontainerized cargo
- Enables ports to shape supply chains and address stakeholder needs
- Unlocks port and overall economic development opportunities





A Rail Perspective on Freight "It Starts with the Customer"



